Owner’s Manual
For professional use only

Do not use this equipment before reading this manual!

PowrLiner 2800

Model Number  759-2011

NOTE: This manual contains important warnings and instructions. Please read and retain for reference.
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### Safety Precautions

This manual contains information that must be read and understood before using the equipment. When you come to an area that has one of the following symbols, pay particular attention and make certain to heed the safeguard.

**WARNING**

This symbol indicates a potential hazard that may cause serious injury or loss of life. Important safety information will follow.

**CAUTION**

This symbol indicates a potential hazard to you or to the equipment. Important information that tells how to prevent damage to the equipment or how to avoid causes of minor injuries will follow.

**NOTE:** Notes give important information which should be given special attention.

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**WARNING**

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

**A. SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS – To reduce the risks of fire or explosion, electrical shock, and the injury to persons, read and understand all instructions included in this manual. Be familiar with the controls and the proper usage of the equipment.**

**B. WARNING – To reduce the risk of fire or explosion:**

1. Do not spray flammable or combustible materials near an open flame, pilot lights or sources of ignition such as hot objects, cigarettes, motors, electrical equipment and electrical appliances. Avoid creating sparks from connecting and disconnecting power cords.

2. For units intended for use with only water-based materials — Do not spray or clean with flammable liquids. For use with water-based liquids only.

3. For units intended for use with only water-based or material spirit with a minimum flash point of 21°C (69.8°F) — Do not spray or clean with liquids having a flash point of less than 21°C (69.8°F). Flash point is the temperature at which a fluid can produce enough vapor to ignite.

4. Paint or solvent flowing through the equipment is able to result in static electricity. Static electricity creates a risk of fire or explosion in the presence of paint or solvent fumes. All parts of the system, including the pump, hose assembly, spray gun and objects in and around the spray area shall be properly grounded to protect against static discharge and sparks. Use only conductive or grounded high-pressure airless paint sprayer hoses specified by the manufacturer.

5. Verify that all containers and collection systems are grounded to prevent static discharge.

6. Connect to a grounded outlet and use grounded extension cords (electric models only). Do not use a 3 to 2 adapter.

7. Do not use a paint or solvent containing halogenated hydrocarbons. Such as chlorine, bleach mildewcide, methylene chloride and trichloroethane. They are not compatible with aluminum. Contact the coating supplier about compatibility of material with aluminum.

8. Keep spray area well ventilated. Keep a good supply of fresh air moving through the area to keep the air within the spray area free from accumulation of flammable vapors. Keep pump assembly in well ventilated area. Do not spray pump assembly.

9. Do not smoke in the spray area.

10. Do not operate light switches, engines, or similar spark producing products in the spray area.

11. Keep area clean and free of paint or solvent containers, rags, and other flammable materials.

12. Know the contents of the paint and solvents being sprayed. Read all Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) and container labels provided with the paints and solvents. Follow the paint and solvent manufacturer’s safety instructions.

13. Place pump at least 25 feet (7.62 meters) from the spray object in a well ventilated area (add more hose if necessary). Flammable vapors are often heavier than air. Floor area must be extremely well ventilated. The pump contains arcing parts that emit sparks and can ignite vapors.

14. Plastic can cause static sparks. Never hang plastic to enclose spray area. Do not use plastic drop cloths when spraying flammable material.

15. Fire extinguisher equipment shall be present and working.

**C. WARNING – To reduce the risk of skin injection:**

**HAZARD:**

Injection injury – A high pressure fluid stream produced by this equipment can pierce the skin and underlying tissues, leading to a serious injury and possible amputation. See a physician immediately. **DO NOT TREAT AN INJECTION AS A SIMPLE CUT.**

1. Do not aim the gun at, or spray any person or animal.

2. Keep hands and other body parts away from the discharge. For example, do not try to stop leaks with any part of the body.
3. Always use the nozzle tip guard. Do not spray without the nozzle tip guard in place.
4. Only use a nozzle tip specified by the manufacturer.
5. Use caution when cleaning and changing nozzle tips. In the case where the nozzle tip clogs while spraying, ALWAYS lock gun trigger, shut pump off, and release all pressure before servicing, cleaning tip or guard, or changing tip. Pressure will not be released by turning off the motor. The PRIME/SPRAY valve or pressure bleed valve must be turned to their appropriate positions to relieve system pressure. Refer to PRESSURE RELIEF PROCEDURE described in the pump manual.
6. Do not leave the unit energized or under pressure while unattended. When the unit is not in use, turn off the unit and relieve the pressure in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions.
7. High-pressure spray is able to inject toxins into the body and cause serious bodily injury. In the event that injection occurs, seek medical attention immediately.
8. Check hoses and parts for signs of damage, a leak can inject material into the skin. Inspect hose before each use. Replace any damaged hoses or parts.
9. This system is capable of producing 3300 PSI / 22.8 MPa. Only use replacement parts or accessories that are specified by the manufacturer and that are rated a minimum of 3300 PSI. This includes spray tips, nozzle guards, guns, extensions, fittings, and hose.
10. Always engage the trigger lock when not spraying. Verify the trigger lock is functioning properly.
11. Verify that all connections are secure before operating the unit.
12. Know how to stop the unit and bleed pressure quickly. Be thoroughly familiar with the controls. Pressure will not be released by turning off the motor. The PRIME/SPRAY valve or pressure bleed valve must be turned to their appropriate positions to relieve system pressure. Refer to PRESSURE RELIEF PROCEDURE described in the pump manual.
13. Always remove the spray tip before flushing or cleaning the system.

D. WARNING – To reduce the risk of injury:
1. Always wear appropriate gloves, eye protection, clothing and a respirator or mask when painting. Hazardous vapors – Paints, solvents, insecticides, and other materials can be harmful if inhaled or come in contact with body. Vapors can cause severe nausea, fainting or poisoning.
2. Do not operate or spray near children. Keep children away from equipment at all times.
3. Do not overreach or stand on an unstable support. Keep effective footing and balance at all times.
4. Stay alert and watch what you are doing.
5. Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
6. Do not kink or over-bend the hose. Airless hose can develop leaks from wear, kinking and abuse. A leak can inject material into the skin.
7. Do not expose the hose to temperatures or pressures in excess of those specified by manufacturer.
8. Do not use the hose as a strength member to pull or lift the equipment.
9. Use lowest possible pressure to flush equipment.
10. Follow all appropriate local, state and national codes governing ventilation, fire prevention and operation.
11. The United States Government Safety Standards have been adopted under the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA). These standards, particularly part 1910 of the General Standards and part 1926 of the Construction Standards should be consulted.
12. Before each use, check all hoses for cuts, leaks, abrasion or bulging of cover. Check for damage or movement of couplings. Immediately replace hose if any of those conditions exist. Never repair a paint hose. Replace with a conductive high-pressure hose.
13. Do not spray outdoors on windy days.
14. Always unplug equipment (electric models only).

CAUTION
Do not lift by cart handle when loading or unloading.

Gasoline Engine Safety

WARNING
The engine exhaust from this unit contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

1. Gas engines are designed to give safe and dependable service if operated according to instructions. Read and understand the engine Owner’s Manual before operating the engine. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage.
2. To prevent fire hazards and to provide adequate ventilation, keep the engine at least 1 meter (3 feet) away from buildings and other equipment during operation. Do not place flammable objects close to the engine.
3. Children and pets must be kept away from the area of operation due to a possibility of burns from hot engine components or injury from any equipment the engine may be used to operate.
4. Know how to stop the engine quickly, and understand the operation of all controls. Never permit anyone to operate the engine without proper instructions.
5. Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions.
6. Refuel in a well-ventilated area with the engine stopped. Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in the refueling area or where gasoline is stored.
7. Do not overfill the fuel tank. After refueling, make sure the tank cap is closed properly and securely.
8. Be careful not to spill fuel when refueling. Fuel vapor or spilled fuel may ignite. If any fuel is spilled, make sure the area is dry before starting the engine.
9. Never run the engine in an enclosed or confined area. Exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas; exposure may cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death.
10. The muffler becomes very hot during operation and remains hot for a while after stopping the engine. Be careful not to touch the muffler while it is hot. To avoid severe burns or fire hazards, let the engine cool before transporting it or storing it indoors.
11. Never ship/transport unit with gasoline in the tank.

Specifications

- Gallons per minute (GPM) .................0.75 (2.83 LPM)
- Maximum tip size ..........................0.025”
- Maximum pressure .........................3300 PSI (22.8 MPa)
- Power ......................................4.0 HP Honda gas engine
- Weight ......................................250 lbs. (113.4 kg)
General Description
This airless line stripper is a precision power tool used to spray many types of material for many types of applications including parking lots, curbs, and athletic fields. Read and follow this instruction manual carefully for proper operating instructions, maintenance, and safety information.

Operation

**WARNING**
This equipment produces a fluid stream at extremely high pressure. Read and understand the warnings in the Safety Precautions section at the front of this manual before operating this equipment.

Setup
Perform the following procedure before starting the engine of a gas-powered line stripper.

1. Ensure that the siphon hose and the return hose are attached and secure.
2. Position the spray gun.
   a. Loosen the support bar clamp hex screw and rotate the gun support bar to the desired position. Tighten the hex screw securely.
   b. Loosen the gun holder clamp knob and slide the spray gun to the desired vertical and horizontal (front-to-back) position. Tighten the knob securely.

**NOTE:** The height of the spray gun affects the width of the spray pattern (i.e., the lower the gun, the smaller the line width). Tip size also affects line width.

3. Turn the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise to its lowest pressure setting.
4. Make sure the pump ON/OFF switch is in the OFF position.
5. Fill the fluid section oil cup with approximately one tablespoon of piston seal lubricant (Piston Lube).

**CAUTION**
Never operate unit for more than ten seconds without fluid. Operating this unit without fluid will cause unnecessary wear to the packings.

7. Check the engine oil level. The gasoline engine oil level is determined by the manufacturer. Refer to the engine manufacturer's service manual (supplied).

8. Close the fuel shut-off lever and fill the gas tank with gasoline. Use only high quality, unleaded gasoline.

**NOTE:** The gun support bar and the spray gun can be mounted on either side of the sprayer. To move the gun support bar:
   a. Remove the support bar clamp hex screw and nut.
   b. Move the gun support bar to the opposite side of the cart.
   c. Align the support bar clamp with the bracket on the cart.
   d. Thread the clamp hex screw through the gun support bar clamp and the bracket on the cart. Place the nut on the end of the clamp hex screw and tighten securely.

Adjusting the Trigger Tension
Use the following procedure to adjust the spring tension of the trigger lever on the gun holder assembly. The trigger lever pulls and releases the spray gun trigger when operated from the trigger on the cart. The proper tension ensures that the gun will shut off when the gun trigger is released. To ensure proper tension, there should be approximately a 1/32" to 1/16" gap between the trigger lever and the spray gun trigger.

**CAUTION**
Always keep the trigger lock on the spray gun in the locked position while making adjustments to the system.

1. Using a 5/32" hex wrench, loosen the set screw on the cable block.
2. Move the cable block in the appropriate direction to create a gap of 1/32" to 1/16" between the trigger lever and spray gun trigger.
   a. Slide the cable block toward the gun to increase the gap between the trigger lever and spray gun trigger.
   b. Slide the cable block away from the gun to decrease the gap between the trigger lever and spray gun trigger.

3. Tighten the set screw securely.

Preparing a New Sprayer
If this unit is new, it is shipped with test fluid in the fluid section to prevent corrosion during shipment and storage. This fluid must be thoroughly cleaned out of the system with mineral spirits before you begin spraying.

**CAUTION**
Always keep the trigger lock on the spray gun in the locked position while preparing the system.

1. Place the siphon tube into a container of mineral spirits that has a flash point of 60°C (140°F) or above.
2. Place the return hose into a metal waste container.
3. Turn the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise to its lowest pressure setting.
4. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve to the PRIME position.
5. Move the engine ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
6. Start the engine:
   a. Open the fuel valve lever.
   b. Move the throttle lever away from the gas tank.
   c. Close the engine choke lever.
   d. Holding the frame with one hand, pull the starter rope rapidly and firmly. Continue to hold the rope as you let it return. Pull and return the rope until the engine starts.
7. Turn on the sprayer by moving the pump ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
8. Slowly turn the pressure control knob clockwise to increase the pressure until fluid starts to come out of the return hose. Use only enough pressure to keep the fluid coming out.
9. Allow the sprayer to run for 15–30 seconds to flush the test fluid out through the return hose and into the waste container.
10. Turn the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise to its lowest setting.
11. Turn off the sprayer by moving the pump ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.

Preparation to Paint
Before painting, it is important to make sure that the fluid in the system is compatible with the paint that is going to be used.

NOTE: Always keep the trigger lock on the spray gun in the locked position while preparing the system.

1. Place the siphon tube into a container of the appropriate solvent for the material being sprayed (refer to recommendations of the material manufacturer). An example of the appropriate solvent is water for latex paint.
2. Place the return hose into a metal waste container.
3. Turn the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise to its lowest pressure setting.
4. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve to the PRIME position.
5. Move the engine ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
6. Start the engine:
   a. Open the fuel valve lever.
   b. Move the throttle lever away from the gas tank.
   c. Close the engine choke lever.
   d. Holding the frame with one hand, pull the starter rope rapidly and firmly. Continue to hold the rope as you let it return. Pull and return the rope until the engine starts.
7. Turn on the sprayer by moving the pump ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
8. Slowly turn the pressure control knob clockwise to increase the pressure until fluid starts to come out of the return hose. Use only enough pressure to keep the fluid coming out.
9. Allow the sprayer to run for 15–30 seconds to flush the old solvent out through the return hose and into the metal waste container.
10. Turn the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise to its lowest setting.
11. Turn off the sprayer by moving the pump ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.

NOTE: Make sure that the spray gun does not have a tip or tip guard installed.

12. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve to the SPRAY position.
13. Turn on the sprayer.
14. Turn the pressure control knob slowly clockwise to increase pressure.
15. Unlock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the unlocked position.

WARNING
Ground the gun by holding it against the edge of the metal container while flushing. Failure to do so may lead to a static electric discharge, which may cause a fire.

16. Trigger the gun into the metal waste container until the old solvent is gone and fresh solvent is coming out of the gun.
17. Lock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the locked position.
18. Set down the gun and increase the pressure by turning the pressure control knob slowly clockwise to its highest setting.
19. Check the entire system for leaks. If leaks occur, turn the sprayer off and follow the “Pressure Relief Procedure” in this manual before tightening any fittings or hoses.
20. Follow the “Pressure Relief Procedure” in this manual before changing from solvent to paint.

Painting
1. Place the siphon tube into a container of paint.
2. Place the return hose into a metal waste container.
3. Turn the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise to its lowest pressure setting.
4. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve to the PRIME position.
5. Move the engine ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
6. Start the engine:
   a. Open the fuel valve lever.
   b. Move the throttle lever away from the gas tank.
   c. Close the engine choke lever.
   d. Holding the frame with one hand, pull the starter rope rapidly and firmly. Continue to hold the rope as you let it return. Pull and return the rope until the engine starts.
7. Turn on the sprayer by moving the pump ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
8. Slowly turn the pressure control knob clockwise to increase the pressure until fluid starts to come out of the return hose. Use only enough pressure to keep the fluid coming out.
9. Allow the sprayer to run until paint is coming through the return hose into the metal waste container.
10. Turn the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise to its lowest setting.
11. Turn off the sprayer by moving the pump ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.
12. Remove the return hose from the waste container and place it in its operating position above the container of paint.
13. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve to the SPRAY position.
14. Turn on the sprayer.
15. Turn the pressure control knob slowly clockwise to increase pressure.
16. Unlock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the unlocked position.

**WARNING**

Ground the gun by holding it against the edge of the metal container while flushing. Failure to do so may lead to a static electric discharge, which may cause a fire.

17. Trigger the gun into the metal waste container until all air and solvent is flushed from the spray hose and paint is flowing freely from the gun.
18. Lock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the locked position.
19. Turn the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise to its lowest setting.
20. Turn off the sprayer.
21. Attach tip guard and tip to the gun as instructed by the tip guard or tip manuals.

**NOTE:** Turning the pressure up higher than needed to atomize the paint will cause premature tip wear and additional overspray.

b. Check for proper line width and position. If adjustment to the position of the sprayer gun is required, refer to the “Setup” procedure earlier in this section.

22. Turn on the sprayer.
23. Increase the pressure by turning the pressure control knob slowly clockwise. Test the spray pattern and line position on a long piece of roofing felt or cardboard.
   a. Adjust the pressure control knob until the spray from the gun is completely atomized. Try to keep the pressure control knob at the lowest setting that maintains good atomization.

24. Make sure that the spray gun completely shuts off when the gun trigger is released. If adjustment to the trigger tension is required, refer to the “Adjusting the Trigger Tension” procedure earlier in this section.

**Operating the Front Caster**

The front caster on the cart is designed to track the sprayer in either a straight line or allow free motion. Standing behind the sprayer, the trigger on the left handle of the cart controls the operation of the front caster.

1. To lock the front caster in the straight line position, squeeze then release the caster trigger and move the sprayer forward.
2. To allow free motion of the front caster, squeeze and hold the caster trigger.

**NOTE:** To lock the front caster in free motion mode, squeeze and hold the caster trigger and then push in the locking button on the side of the trigger. Once the locking button is pushed in, the caster trigger can be released. To release the locking pin, squeeze the caster trigger.

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**Pressure Relief Procedure**

**WARNING**

Be sure to follow the pressure relief procedure when shutting the unit down for any purpose, including servicing or adjusting any part of the spray system, changing or cleaning spray tips, or preparing for cleanup.

1. Lock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the locked position.
2. Turn off the sprayer by moving the pump ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.
3. Turn off the engine by moving the engine ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.
4. Turn the pressure control knob counterclockwise to its lowest setting.
5. Unlock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the unlocked position.
6. Lock the gun by turning the gun trigger lock to the locked position.
7. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve to the PRIME position.

**Cleanup**

**WARNING**

Special cleanup instructions for use with flammable solvents:

- Always flush spray gun preferably outside and at least one hose length from spray pump.
- If collecting flushed solvents in a one gallon metal container, place it into an empty five gallon container, then flush solvents.
- Area must be free of flammable vapors.
- Follow all cleanup instructions.

**CAUTION**

The sprayer, hose, and gun should be cleaned thoroughly after daily use. Failure to do so permits material to build up, seriously affecting the performance of the unit.

**WARNING**

Always spray at minimum pressure with the gun nozzle tip removed when using mineral spirits or any other solvent to clean the sprayer, hose, or gun. Static electricity buildup may result in a fire or explosion in the presence of flammable vapors.

1. Follow the “Pressure Relief Procedure” found in the Operation section of this manual.
2. Remove the gun tip and guard and clean with a brush using the appropriate solvent.
3. Place the siphon tube into a container of the appropriate solvent (refer to recommendations of the material manufacturer). An example of the appropriate solvent is water for latex paint.
4. Place the return hose into a metal waste container.
5. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve to its PRIME position.
6. Move the engine ON/OFF switch to the ON position and start the engine.
7. Turn on the sprayer by moving the pump ON/OFF switch to the ON position.
8. Slowly turn the pressure control knob clockwise to increase the pressure until fluid starts to come out of the return hose.
9. Allow the solvent to circulate through the sprayer and flush the paint out of the return hose into the metal waste container.
10. Turn the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise to its lowest setting.
11. Turn off the sprayer by moving the ON/OFF switch to the OFF position.
12. Move the PRIME/SPRAY valve to its SPRAY position.
13. Turn on the sprayer.
14. Turn the pressure control knob slowly clockwise to increase pressure.

**WARNING**

Ground the gun by holding it against the edge of the metal container while flushing. Failure to do so may lead to a static electric discharge, which may cause a fire.

15. Trigger the gun into the metal waste container until the paint is flushed out of the hose and solvent is coming out of the gun.
16. Continue to trigger the spray gun into the waste container until the solvent coming out of the gun is clean.

**NOTE:** For long-term or cold weather storage, pump mineral spirits through the entire system.

17. Follow the "Pressure Relief Procedure" found in the Operation section of this manual.
18. Store the sprayer in a clean, dry area.

**CAUTION**

Do not store the sprayer under pressure.

**Cleaning the Spray Tip**

1. Flush the gun with solvent immediately after the work is completed.
2. Oil the sliding pins to prevent them from seizing up.

Should the spray tip become clogged, reverse the spray tip with the lever and pull the trigger. Once the obstruction comes out of the spray tip, release the trigger, reverse the spray tip back to the spray pattern setting, and resume spraying.

**WARNING**

Do not attempt to clean the tip with your finger. Do not use a needle or other sharp pointed instrument to clean the tip. The hard tungsten carbide is brittle and can be chipped.

**Maintenance**

Before proceeding, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure outlined previously in this manual. Additionally, follow all other warnings to reduce the risk of an injection injury, injury from moving parts, or electric shock.

**WARNING**

**General Repair and Service Notes**

The following tools are needed when repairing this sprayer:
- Phillips screwdriver 3/8" hex wrench
- needle-nose pliers 5/16" hex wrench
- adjustable wrench 1/4" hex wrench
- rubber mallet 3/16" hex wrench
- flat-blade screwdriver 1/8" hex wrench
- 1/2" open-end wrench 7/8" open-end wrench

1. Before repairing any part of the sprayer, read the instructions carefully, including all warnings.

**CAUTION**

Never pull on a wire to disconnect it. Pulling on a wire could loosen the connector from the wire.

2. Test your repair before regular operation of the sprayer to be sure that the problem is corrected. If the sprayer does not operate properly, review the repair procedure to determine if everything was done correctly. Refer to the Troubleshooting section to help identify other possible problems.

3. Make certain that the service area is well ventilated in case solvents are used during cleaning. Always wear protective eyewear while servicing. Additional protective equipment may be required depending on the type of cleaning solvent. Always contact the supplier of solvents for recommendations.

4. If you have any further questions concerning your Speeflo Airless Sprayer, call Speeflo:

Customer Service (U.S.) .......................... 1-800-526-5362
Fax ................................................ 1-800-528-4826

**Maintaining the Engine**

**WARNING**

When transporting a sprayer with a gas engine, make sure the fuel is shut off.

**NOTE:** For detailed engine specifications and maintenance, refer to the separate engine manual supplied with this sprayer.

**Important Facts Concerning this Sprayer**

This gas-powered sprayer contains a clutch that engages when the sprayer is pumping. The sprayer’s pressure control system engages and disengages the clutch to control pressure. To prevent unnecessary wear to the clutch, it is advisable to adjust the engine speed and pressure setting to limit the amount of times the clutch engages and disengages. To reduce clutch wear, refer to the following examples.

**Example:**

Operating one gun with a .019 tip — increase engine speed to a high setting and increase pressure until the heavy ends of the spray pattern have been eliminated.

**Example:**

Operating one gun with .023 tip — increase engine speed by adjusting the throttle to a low or medium setting and increase pressure only until the heavy ends of the spray pattern have been eliminated.

**Example:**

Spraying light-bodied materials at low pressure — to reduce surging at the gun and to decrease clutch wear, reduce the engine speed to idle and reduce pressure until the desired spray pattern is achieved.
Routine Engine Maintenance

Daily
- Check and fill the gas tank.
- After the first 20 hours of operation, drain the oil and refill with clean oil. Check the engine oil level and fill as necessary.

Weekly
- Remove the cover of the air filter and clean the element. Replace the element if necessary. If operating in an unusually dusty environment, check the filter daily and replace if necessary. (Replacement elements can be purchased from your local Speeflo dealer.)
- After each 50 hours of operation: Change the engine oil.

Spark Plug
- Use only a (NKG) BP6ES plug.
- Gap the plug 0.025" – 0.030" (0.7 – 0.8 mm).
- Make sure to use a spark plug wrench when installing and removing the plug.

Replacing the Pump ON/OFF Switch

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) potential could cause damage to electronic pressure control. Use Speeflo ESD wrist strap P/N 700-1037 or equivalent when working on electronic pressure control.

1. Perform the Pressure Relief Procedure.
2. Using a Phillips screwdriver, remove the four screws that secure the electronic pressure control (EPC) assembly to the EPC housing. Carefully remove the EPC assembly from the housing. Gently move the assembly away from the sprayer and allow the assembly to hang from the housing.
3. Locate the bottom of the pump ON/OFF switch inside the EPC housing.
   - Disconnect the switch wires from the pump ON/OFF switch. Remember the locations of each of the two wires (label the wires, if necessary).
   - Depress the mounting tabs on each corner of the pump ON/OFF switch inside the EPC housing and remove the switch through the top of the housing.
   - Snap the new pump ON/OFF switch into the switch hole in the EPC housing.
   - Connect the two switch wires to the new pump ON/OFF switch. Make sure the wires are connected to the corresponding terminals from which they were removed (refer to the labels created earlier in this procedure or the electrical schematic in the Parts List section of this manual).
   - Carefully place the EPC assembly over the EPC housing taking care not to pinch any wires.
   - Install the four screws that secure the EPC assembly to the EPC housing. Tighten securely.

Replacing the Gears and/or Slider Assembly

1. Using a Phillips screwdriver, remove the four front cover screws. Remove the front cover.
2. Start the engine (refer to the procedures in the Operation section of this manual). Turn the pressure control knob clockwise to its maximum pressure setting.
3. Toggle the pump ON/OFF switch between the ON and OFF positions in short bursts until the slider assembly and piston stop at the bottom of their stroke (in their lowest position).
4. Turn off the engine and perform the Pressure Relief Procedure.

NOTE: If replacing the slider assembly, the fluid section must be removed from the pump housing.

5. Using a 11/16" open-end wrench, loosen and remove the fluid hose from the fitting on the back of the fluid section.
6. Using a 3/8" hex wrench, remove the two socket screws that secure the fluid section to the pump housing.
7. Remove the fluid section by pulling it straight down from the pump housing until the dowel pins on the pump housing disengage from the fluid section housing. Then, pull the fluid section forward to disengage the piston from the T-slot on the slider assembly.
8. Using a 1/4" hex wrench, remove the four socket screws that secure the pump housing to the gear housing.
9. Slide the pump housing away from the gear housing.
10. Remove and clean the housing gasket. Replace if damaged.
11. Slide the crankshaft assembly, with the two thrust washers out from the gear housing side of the pump housing.
12. Remove the output gear assembly with the two thrust washers.
13. Thoroughly clean the crankshaft assembly, the output gear assembly, and all the thrust washers.
14. Inspect all parts for excessive wear and replace if damaged or worn. If the crankshaft or output gear assembly are replaced, replace the corresponding thrust washers as well.
15. Inspect the pinion gear on the end of the drive shaft for wear. Replace if damaged or worn (refer to the “Servicing the Clutch Assembly” procedure in this section).

NOTE: If any of the gears are worn and require replacement, check the grease in the gear housing for metal particles or shavings. Remove the contaminated grease. Replace the gear that has been removed with fresh Lubriplate GR-132 grease.

16. Slide the slider assembly up and out of the slider bushing in the front of the pump housing.
17. Check the parts for wear.
   a. If the slider bushing is scored or out of round it should be replaced.
   b. If the slider assembly is scored or the connection between the connecting rod and slider assembly exhibits movement other than pivoting movement, the slider assembly should be replaced. The slider assembly also should be replaced if the connecting rod bearing shows signs of wear.
   c. Any parts that will be reused should be cleaned thoroughly, including the connecting rod. Also, clean the crankshaft pin that the connecting rod bearing rides on.
   d. If the slider bushing requires replacement, a press must be used. Position the pump housing so that the bushing is facing the arbor on the press. Position the new bushing on top of the old bushing. Lower the arbor on the press to contact the new bushing and press the new bushing into the bore. As the new bushing is pressed into the bore, the old bushing is pressed out of the bore. The new bushing is in place when it is flush with the bore wall on the pump housing.
18. Coat the output gear assembly and each side of its thrust washers with fresh Lubriplate GR-132 grease. Place the thrust washers on their proper shaft of the output gear assembly.
19. Lubricate the output gear assembly with fresh Lubriplate GR-132 grease. Insert the gear assembly into its bore in the gear housing, gear end first. The teeth on the gear will mate with the teeth on the drive shaft pinion.
20. Generously coat all surfaces of the cylindrical crankshaft assembly thrust washer with fresh Lubriplate GR-132 grease.
21. Slip the flat end of the cylindrical thrust washer behind the gear on the output gear assembly, lining its bore up with the gear housing bearing bore for the crankshaft assembly.
22. Lubricate the crankshaft assembly gear with fresh Lubriplate GR-132 grease. Slide the gear side shaft of the crankshaft through the cylindrical thrust washer and into its bore within the gear housing.
23. Position the pin on the end of the crankshaft towards the bottom of the gear housing (the bottom dead center position).
24. Lubricate both faces of the large crankshaft assembly thrust washer with fresh Lubriplate GR-132 grease. Place the thrust washer onto the crankshaft against the gear.
25. Place the housing gasket over the gear housing dowel pins.
26. Lubricate the outside of the slider assembly and the inside of the slider bushing with oil. Fill the slider cup with Lubriplate 1242 grease (the slider cup is the area on the slider assembly where the connecting rod and slider pin meet). Fill the slider cup with Lubriplate 1242 grease (the slider cup is the area on the slider assembly where the connecting rod and slider pin meet).
27. Insert the slider assembly into the slider bushing so that the small dimple on the face of the connecting rod faces the open side of the pump housing.
28. Carefully place the pump housing assembly in front of the gear housing assembly, lining up the gear housing dowel pins with their corresponding holes in the pump housing. Slide the pump housing onto the gear housing until there is no gap between the housings and gasket.

NOTE: While sliding the pump housing into place, the crankshaft pin will begin to protrude from the bearing in the center of the pump housing. Position the slider assembly so that as the crankshaft pin protrudes from the main bearing, it engages the connecting rod bearing.

CAUTION

Do not force the pump housing and gear housing together.
29. Locate the four socket screws and lock washers that secure the pump housing to the gear housing. The longer screws (2.25”) are fastened into the top internal holes. The shorter screws (2”) are fastened into the bottom external bosses.
30. Using a 1/4” hex wrench, snug and tighten the socket screws in a crossing pattern. Torque to 200–230 in./lbs.
31. If the fluid section was removed, reinstall by engaging the notch in the top of the piston with the groove in the bottom of the slider assembly. Push the fluid section up toward the pump housing until the dowel pins in the pump housing engage the holes in the fluid section housing.
32. Insert the two socket screws that secure the fluid section to the pump housing and alternately snug, tighten, and torque the screws to 400-440 in./lbs.
33. Position the front cover over the pump housing. Secure the front cover using the four front cover screws.
34. Using a 11/16” open-end wrench, attach the fluid hose to the fitting on the back of the fluid section. Tighten securely.

Replacing the Electronic Pressure Control (EPC) Assembly

WARNING

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) potential could cause damage to electronic pressure control. Use Speeflo ESD wrist strap P/N 700-1037 or equivalent when working on electronic pressure control.

1. Perform the Pressure Relief Procedure.
2. Using a Phillips screwdriver, remove the four screws that secure the electronic pressure control (EPC) assembly to the EPC housing. Carefully remove the EPC assembly from the housing. Gently move the assembly away from the sprayer and allow the assembly to hang from the housing.
3. Remember the locations of all the wire connections on the EPC board (refer the electrical schematic located in the Parts List section of this manual). If necessary, label all the connections so that they can be replaced in their exact location when the assembly is replaced.
4. Disconnect all the wires from the EPC board.
5. Connect all the wires to the new EPC assembly board (refer to the labels created earlier in this procedure or the electrical schematic in the Parts List section of this manual).
6. Carefully place the EPC assembly over the EPC housing taking care not to pinch any wires.
7. Install the four screws that secure the EPC assembly to the EPC housing. Tighten securely.
8. Take the sprayer to a Speeflo Authorized Service Center for re-calibration.
Replacing the Transducer

**WARNING**

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) potential could cause damage to electronic pressure control. Use Speeflo ESD wrist strap P/N 700-1037 or equivalent when working on electronic pressure control.

1. Perform the Pressure Relief Procedure.
2. Using a Phillips screwdriver, remove the four screws that secure the electronic pressure control (EPC) assembly to the EPC housing. Carefully remove the EPC assembly from the housing. Gently move the assembly away from the sprayer and allow the assembly to hang from the housing.
3. Locate the transducer wire in the EPC housing. This wire will be protruding from a hole in the lower left hand corner of the EPC housing. Disconnect this wire from the EPC board (it has a phone jack-style connector).
4. Break off the locking tab from the phone jack-style connector at the end of the transducer wire.
5. Using a 7/8" open-end wrench, loosen and remove the fluid hose from the fitting on the bottom of the filter assembly.
6. Remove the return hose from the fitting on the bottom of the filter assembly.
7. Using a 1/2" socket, remove the two hex screws that secure the filter assembly to the cart.
8. Lift the filter assembly off the cart so that the transducer tube moves out of the hole in the gear housing. Gently pull the transducer wire through the housing until it is fully disengaged from the hole.
9. Mount the filter assembly in a vise for easy access to the transducer.

**CAUTION**

Do not over-tighten the vise.

10. Using a 3/4" open-end wrench, turn the transducer nut counterclockwise to remove the transducer from the filter housing.
11. Locate the new transducer. Make sure that there is a white, PTFE o-ring on the end of the transducer that gets inserted into the filter housing.
12. Insert the transducer into the filter housing port. Rotate the transducer nut clockwise to tighten it into the filter housing. Torque the nut to 360–400 in./lbs.
13. Remove the filter assembly from the vise.
14. Insert the phone jack-style connector on the new transducer wire into the hole in the gear housing from which the old transducer wire was removed. Push the wire and connector until the connector is visible in the EPC housing.
15. Gently pull the wire into the EPC housing while moving the filter assembly to its mounting point on the cart. Guide the end of the transducer tube into the hole in the gear housing.
16. Mount the filter assembly to the cart using the two hex screws and lock washers. Torque the screws to 100–130 in./lbs.
17. Using a 7/8" open-end wrench, attach the fluid hose to the fitting on the bottom of the filter assembly. Tighten securely.
18. Push the return hose firmly into the fitting on the bottom of the filter assembly. Pull on the hose to make sure it has engaged within the fitting.
19. Plug the phone jack-style connector on the transducer wire into the socket on the EPC board from which the old connector was removed.
20. Carefully place the EPC assembly over the EPC housing taking care not to pinch any wires.
21. Install the four screws that secure the EPC assembly to the EPC housing. Tighten securely.
22. Take the sprayer to a Speeflo Authorized Service Center for re-calibration.
23. After re-calibration, pressurize the system and check for leaks.

**Servicing the Clutch Assembly**

**NOTE:** When replacing the clutch armature, the clutch rotor must be replaced also. This will allow for even wear and maximum life on clutch parts.

**Removing/Replacing the Clutch Armature Assembly**

1. Perform the Pressure Relief Procedure.
2. Using a 11/16" open-end wrench, loosen and remove the fluid hose from the fitting on the back of the fluid section.
3. Hold the transducer tube with a pliers to prevent it from rotating and turn the transducer nut counterclockwise using a 3/4" open-end wrench. When the nut disengages the filter housing, carefully remove the transducer from the filter housing.
4. Locate the wire that exits the rear of the electronic pressure control (EPC) housing and connects to the wire harness on the engine. Disconnect this wire from its connector at the engine wire harness.
5. Using a 1/2" wrench, remove the four hex screws and lock washers that secure the clutch housing to the gear housing.
6. Using a 9/16" socket, remove the two hex screws that secure the gear housing to the cart.
7. Slide the pump and gear housings away from the engine to disengage them from the clutch housing.

8. Locate the clutch armature assembly on the end of the engine shaft. Note the two set screws as well as the unused, threaded hole in the taper lock bushing at the center of the clutch hub.

9. Using an 1/8" hex wrench, remove the two set screws from the taper lock bushing

10. Thread one of the set screws into the unused, threaded hole on the taper lock bushing. As the screw tightens, the bushing will loosen. Once the bushing has loosened enough, slide the clutch armature assembly off the engine shaft.

11. To replace the clutch armature assembly, line up the three holes in the taper lock bushing with the three holes in the clutch armature and insert the bushing into the center of the clutch armature.

12. Line up the key on the taper lock bushing with the keyway on the engine shaft and slide the assembly onto the shaft with the holes facing out.

13. Apply blue Loctite to the two set screws and insert the screws into the taper lock bushing. Tighten the set screws only two turns at this time.

14. Using the clutch set-up tool (P/N 755-194), position the clutch armature on the engine shaft. Hold the tool across the face of the clutch housing so that the center, recessed portion of the tool straddles the clutch armature assembly. Pull the clutch armature assembly towards the tool until the face of the armature is against the tool.

15. While holding the clutch armature assembly against the tool, use an 1/8" hex wrench and alternately tighten the set screws into the taper lock bushing. Torque to 65–75 in/lbs.

16. Make sure the friction surface of the clutch armature is clean and free from oil or grease.

**Removing the Clutch Rotor, Clutch Field, and Drive Shaft Assembly**

1. Follow steps 1–7 in "Removing/Replacing the Clutch Armature Assembly."

2. Locate the clutch rotor assembly, which will be protruding out from the gear housing. Note the locations of the three socket screws and the two empty, threaded holes on the clutch rotor.

3. Using a 3/16" hex wrench, remove the three socket screws and lock washers that secure the clutch rotor to the drive shaft assembly.

4. Thread two of the socket screws into the empty, threaded holes and tighten alternately. This will push the clutch rotor away from the drive shaft assembly and pinion.

5. Using a Phillips screwdriver, remove the four screws that secure the EPC assembly to the EPC housing. Carefully remove the EPC assembly from the housing.

6. Locate the two clutch field wires that pass from the gear housing into the EPC housing through a grommet in the back of the EPC housing. Remember the wire connection terminals on the EPC assembly (label if necessary) and disconnect the wires. Gently move the EPC assembly away from the housing and rest it on the work surface by the control housing.

7. Locate the four pairs of set screws that secure the clutch field to the gear housing. They are located on the exterior of the gear housing at the 12, 3, 6, and 9 o’clock positions while facing the clutch field end of the gear housing. Using an 1/8" hex wrench, remove the setscrews. Remember the location of the two clutch field wires with respect to the grommet and EPC housing.

8. Carefully slide the clutch field out of the gear housing, keeping the field square to the gear housing so it does not bind.

**WARNING**

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) potential could cause damage to electronic pressure control. Use Speeflo ESD wrist strap P/N 700-1037 or equivalent when working on electronic pressure control.

5. Using a Phillips screwdriver, remove the four screws that secure the EPC assembly to the EPC housing. Carefully remove the EPC assembly from the housing.

6. Locate the two clutch field wires that pass from the gear housing into the EPC housing through a grommet in the back of the EPC housing. Remember the wire connection terminals on the EPC assembly (label if necessary) and disconnect the wires. Gently move the EPC assembly away from the housing and rest it on the work surface by the control housing.

7. Locate the four pairs of set screws that secure the clutch field to the gear housing. They are located on the exterior of the gear housing at the 12, 3, 6, and 9 o’clock positions while facing the clutch field end of the gear housing. Using an 1/8" hex wrench, remove the setscrews. Remember the location of the two clutch field wires with respect to the grommet and EPC housing.

8. Carefully slide the clutch field out of the gear housing, keeping the field square to the gear housing so it does not bind.

9. Using a Phillips screwdriver, remove the four front cover screws. Remove the front cover.

10. Using a 11/16" open-end wrench, loosen and remove the fluid hose from the fitting on the back of the fluid section.

11. Using a 1/4" hex wrench, remove the four socket screws that secure the pump housing to the gear housing.

12. Slide the pump housing away from the gear housing.

13. Remove and clean the housing gasket. Replace if damaged.

14. Locate the drive shaft pinion that is protruding from the front side of the gear housing. Remove the small snap ring that is located on the drive shaft hub in front of the ball bearing that is supporting the drive shaft.

15. From the opposite side of the gear housing (clutch side) slide the drive shaft assembly out of the gear housing.

16. Inspect the grease seal located inside the bore from which the drive shaft was removed. Replace if worn or damaged. To remove the grease seal, use a flat blade screwdriver to carefully pry the seal from the bore.

17. Clean the inside of the gear housing.
Installing the Clutch Rotor Assembly, Clutch Field and Drive Shaft Assembly

1. If the drive shaft grease seal was removed, press a new seal into the bore from which the old seal was removed.
2. From the clutch side of the gear housing, insert the drive shaft assembly into the bore, through the grease seal, and through the ball bearing on the gear side of the gear housing.
3. From the gear side of the gear housing, insert the snap ring into the groove on the drive shaft hub in front of the ball bearing.
4. Place the housing gasket over the gear housing dowel pins.
5. Carefully place the pump housing assembly in front of the gear housing assembly, lining up the gear housing dowel pins with their corresponding holes in the pump housing. Slide the pump housing onto the gear housing until there is no gap between the housings and gasket.

Do not force the pump housing and gear housing together.

6. Locate the four socket screws and lock washers that secure the pump housing to the gear housing. The longer screws (2.25”) are fastened into the bottom internal holes. The shorter screws (2”) are fastened into the bottom external bosses.
7. Using a 1/4” hex wrench, snug and tighten the socket screws in a crossing pattern. Torque to 200–230 in./lbs.
8. Line up the four holes around the outside of the clutch field with the four socket screws holes in the gear housing. The clutch field wires should be at approximately the 1 or 2 o’clock position.
9. Route the two clutch field wires through the grommet and into the EPC housing.
10. Carefully slide the clutch field into its bore in the gear housing until it “bottoms out” within the housing. Do not pinch the clutch field wires during installation.
11. Thread one of the pointed set screws into its hole. Using an 1/8” hex wrench, rotate the screw slowly until it contacts the clutch field. Do not tighten the set screw. The tip of the set screw should mate with the drill point.
12. When the set screw is properly seated, install the remaining three pointed set screws. Do not tighten the set screws.
13. Using a crossing pattern, tighten each of the pointed setscrews until they are snug. Once all four pointed set screws are snug, use a crossing pattern to tighten and torque the set screws to 60–70 in./lbs.

It is very important to evenly snug, tighten, and torque the clutch field pointed set screws in a crossing pattern. This ensures the clutch field will stay centered in the gear housing.

CAUTION

14. Install the remaining four set screws over the four pointed set screws. Using an 1/8” hex wrench, tighten each of the set screws in a crossing pattern until they are snug. Once all four set screws are snug, use a crossing pattern to tighten and torque the set screws to 60–70 in./lbs.
15. Line up the three screw holes and dowel pin hole on the clutch rotor with the screw holes and dowel pin on the drive shaft assembly hub. Place the clutch rotor onto the hub.
16. Using a 3/16” hex wrench, thread the three socket screws and lock washers through the clutch rotor and into the drive shaft assembly hub. Evenly snug, tighten, and torque the socket screws to 75–85 in/lbs.
17. Make sure the friction surface of the clutch rotor is clean and free from oil or grease.

CAUTION

WARNING

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) potential could cause damage to electronic pressure control. Use Speedflo ESD wrist strap P/N 700-1037 or equivalent when working on electronic pressure control.

18. Locate the two clutch field wires in the EPC housing. Gently pull the wires fully into the EPC housing so that there is no slack in the gear housing. Connect the wires to their proper terminals on the EPC board (refer to the labels created earlier in this procedure or the electrical schematic in the Parts List section of this manual).
19. Carefully place the EPC assembly over the EPC housing taking care not to pinch any wires.
20. Install the four screws that secure the EPC assembly to the EPC housing. Tighten securely.

Mating the Gear Housing and the Clutch Housing

1. Place the gear housing assembly onto the cart in front of the clutch housing. Line up the dowel pins in the gear housing with their corresponding holes in the clutch housing. Slide the gear housing assembly onto the clutch housing until there is no gap between the housings.
2. Thread the four hex screws and lock washers through the clutch housing and into the gear housing.
3. Using a 1/2” wrench, snug and tighten the hex screws in a crossing pattern. Torque to 140–155 in./lbs.
4. Using a 9/16” socket, thread the two hex screws that secure the gear housing to the cart through the underside of the cart and into the gear housing. Torque to 100–120 in./lbs.
5. Connect the wire from the EPC housing to its mating connector on the engine wire harness.
6. Make sure that there is a white PTFE o-ring on the end of the transducer that gets inserted into the filter housing. Insert the transducer into the filter housing port.
7. Hold the transducer tube with a pliers to prevent it from rotating, and turn the transducer nut clockwise with a 3/4” open-end wrench to tighten it into the filter housing. Torque the nut to 360–400 in./lbs.

Checking the Clutch Gap

1. Remove the plastic plug from the top of the clutch housing. Look through the port to locate the clutch armature and the clutch rotor.
2. Check the gap between the clutch armature and the clutch rotor using a .016” feeler gauge and a .035” feeler gauge.
   a. Insert each feeler gauge through the port and into the gap between the clutch armature and the clutch rotor. The .016” feeler gauge should fit in the gap. The .035” feeler gauge should not fit in the gap.
   b. Pull the engine pull cord several times to rotate the clutch armature, checking the gap with each feeler gauge between each pull.
   c. If the .016” gauge does not fit or the .035” gauge does fit at any checkpoint, the gap must be readjusted. This is done by relocating the clutch hub and armature assembly on the engine shaft. Refer to the “Removing/Replacing the Clutch Armature Assembly” procedure.
Servicing the Fluid Section

Use the following procedures to service the valves and repack the fluid section.

1. Using a Phillips screwdriver, remove the four front cover screws. Remove the front cover.
2. Start the engine (refer to the procedures in the Operation section of this manual). Turn the pressure control knob clockwise to its maximum pressure setting.
3. Toggle the pump ON/OFF switch between the ON and OFF positions in short bursts until the slider assembly and piston rod stop at the bottom of their stroke (in their lowest position).
4. Turn off the engine and perform the Pressure Relief Procedure.

**WARNING**

Before proceeding, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure outlined previously in this manual. Additionally, follow all other warnings to reduce the risk of an injection injury, injury from moving parts or electric shock.

Servicing the Valves

The design of the fluid section allows access to the inlet valve and seat as well as the outlet valve and seat without completely disassembling the fluid section. It is possible that the valves may not seat properly because of debris stuck in the inlet valve seat or outlet valve seat. Use the following instructions to clean the valves and reverse or replace the seats.

**NOTE:** Keep the sprayer in the upright position for this procedure.

1. Using a wrench, loosen and remove the inlet valve housing from the fluid section housing.
2. Clean out any debris in the inlet valve housing and examine the valve housing and seat. If the inlet valve seat is damaged, reverse the seat to the unused side or replace the seat.

**NOTE:** If the inlet valve seat is reversed or replaced, the inlet valve ball must be replaced.

3. Using a 3/8” hex wrench, loosen and remove the outlet valve retainer from the piston rod.

**NOTE:** Always service the outlet valve with the piston rod attached to the pump. This will prevent the piston rod from rotating during disassembly of the outlet valve.

4. Clean out any debris and examine the outlet valve retainer and seat. If the outlet valve seat is damaged, reverse to the unused side or replace the seat.

**NOTE:** If the outlet valve seat is reversed or replaced, the outlet ball must be replaced.

5. Remove, clean, and inspect the outlet cage and outlet ball. Replace if they are worn or damaged.
6. Reassemble the valves by reversing the steps above.

Repacking the Fluid Section

**NOTE:** The factory-installed packings are red in color. The replacement packings in the packing replacement kit are white.

1. Remove the inlet valve and outlet valve assemblies using the steps in the “Servicing the Valves” procedure above.
2. Using a 11/16” open-end wrench, loosen and remove the fluid hose from the fitting on the back of the fluid section.
3. Using a 3/8” hex wrench, remove the two socket screws that secure the fluid section to the pump housing.
4. Remove the fluid section by pulling it straight down from the pump housing until the dowel pins on the pump housing disengage form the fluid section housing. Then, pull the fluid section forward to disengage the piston from the T-slot on the slider assembly.
5. Slide the piston rod out through the bottom of the fluid section housing.
6. Using a wrench, loosen and remove the retainer nut and piston guide from the fluid section housing.
7. Remove the upper and lower packings from the fluid section housing.

**NOTE:** Be careful not to scratch, score, or otherwise damage the inside of the fluid section housing during removal of the packing assemblies.

8. Clean the fluid section housing thoroughly
9. Locate the new upper and lower packing assemblies. Remove the piston insertion tool from the upper packing and the seal sizing tool from the lower packing.
10. Pack the areas between the packing lips with grease (included in repacking kit). Lubricate the o-rings on the exterior of the packings with grease.
11. Insert the upper packing assembly into the top of the fluid section housing with the raised lip facing down into the housing.
12. Insert the lower packing assembly into the bottom of the fluid section housing with the large beveled edge facing toward the housing (beveled edge will be facing up when the housing is upright).
13. Inspect the piston rod for wear and replace if necessary.
14 Reassemble the outlet valve assembly into the piston rod using the new outlet valve seal and outlet ball that came with the repacking kit. Apply blue Loctite to the threads of the outlet valve retainer. Torque the outlet valve retainer to 150 in./lbs.

NOTE: Use the T-slot on the slider assembly to hold the piston rod in position while securing the outlet valve retainer.

CAUTION

Never use a wrench on the piston rod itself. This could cause damage to the piston and cause leakage.

15. Insert the new piston guide into the retainer nut. Thread the retainer nut into the fluid section housing until it is hand tight.

16. Slide the piston guide tool (included in the repacking kit) over the top of the piston rod.

NOTE: Coat the piston guide tool and the piston rod with grease before inserting them into the fluid section housing.

17. Insert the piston rod into the bottom of the fluid section housing, through the lower packing, through the upper packing, and out through the retainer nut. Using a rubber mallet, tap the bottom of the piston rod lightly until the piston rod is in position in the fluid section housing.

NOTE: Make sure the raised lip on the bottom of the lower packing assembly is fully outside the packing around the piston rod after insertion of the piston rod.

18. Using a wrench, tighten the retainer nut. Torque to 550-600 in./lbs.

19. Slide the top of the piston rod into the T-slot on the slider assembly.

20. Position the fluid section underneath the pump housing by lining up the pump housing dowel pins with their respective holes in the top of the fluid section housing. Push the fluid section up towards the pump housing, engaging the dowel pins, until the fluid section housing rests against the pump housing.

21. Insert the two socket screws that secure the fluid section to the pump housing and alternately snug, tighten, and torque the screws to 400-440 in./lbs.

22. Reassemble the inlet valve using the new inlet valve seal, o-ring, and inlet valve ball. Thread the inlet valve assembly into the fluid section housing and torque to 350-400 in./lbs.

23. Position the front cover over the pump housing. Secure the front cover using the four front cover screws.

24. Using a 11/16” open-end wrench, attach the fluid hose to the fitting on the back of the fluid section. Tighten securely.

25. Turn on the sprayer by following the procedure in the “Operation” section of this manual and check for leaks.

NOTE: Repacking kit P/N 755-165 is available. For best results use all parts supplied in this kit.

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Replacing the Filter

1. Loosen and remove the filter body by hand.
2. Remove the filter and core spring from the filter housing.
3. Remove the core spring from inside the filter.
4. Inspect the filter. Based on inspection, clean or replace the filter.
5. Inspect the filter housing o-ring. Based on inspection, clean or replace the o-ring.
6. Slide the new or cleaned filter over the core spring with the filter spring adapter in place. Place the filter and core spring into the center of the filter housing.
7. Clean the inside of the filter body.
8. Slide the filter body over the filter and thread it into the filter housing until secure.

NOTE: The filter body should be hand-tightened, but make sure it is seated fully into the filter housing.

Replacing the PRIME/SPRAY Valve

Perform the following procedure using PRIME/SPRAY valve replacement kit P/N 800-915.

1. Drive the groove pin out of the valve handle.
2. Remove the valve handle and the cam base.
3. Using a wrench, loosen and remove the valve housing assembly.
4. Make sure the gasket is in place and thread the new valve housing assembly into the filter housing. Tighten securely with a wrench.
5. Place the cam base over the valve housing assembly. Lubricate the cam base with grease and line up the cam with the filter block using the dowel pin.
6. Line up the hole on the valve stem with the hole in the valve handle.
7. Insert the groove pin into the valve handle and through the valve stem to secure the valve handle in position.
Replacing the Potentiometer

**WARNING**

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) potential could cause damage to electronic pressure control. Use Speeflo ESD wrist strap P/N 700-1037 or equivalent when working on electronic pressure control.

1. Perform the Pressure Relief Procedure.
2. Pry off the pressure control knob cap to expose the knob tension nut.
3. Turn the pressure control knob fully counterclockwise to the minimum pressure setting.
4. Using a 5/16" socket, loosen the tension nut in the center of the knob. Remove the knob.
5. Using a Phillips screwdriver, remove the four screws that secure the electronic pressure control (EPC) assembly to the EPC housing. Carefully remove the EPC assembly from the housing. Gently move the assembly away from the sprayer and allow the assembly to hang from the housing.
6. Hold the potentiometer inside the EPC housing while using a 1/2" thin wall socket to remove the seal nut that secures the potentiometer to the mounting plate. Remove the potentiometer from the EPC housing.
7. Carefully remove the potentiometer wires from their connection point on the EPC board.
8. Insert the stem of the new potentiometer through the hole in the mounting plate from inside the EPC housing. Position the protruding tab on the potentiometer face into the hole on the underside of the mounting plate (the wires will face the open side of the EPC housing).
9. Thread the seal nut onto the threaded portion of the stem and tighten using a 1/2" thin wall socket.

**CAUTION**

Do not over-tighten the seal nut.

10. Turn the potentiometer stem fully counterclockwise.
11. Place the pressure control knob on the potentiometer stem with the indicator tab resting at the "minimum pressure" tab on the mounting plate.
12. Tighten the knob tension nut using a 5/16" socket.

**CAUTION**

Do not over-tighten the knob tension nut. Over-tightening will damage the potentiometer.

13. Connect the potentiometer wires to the EPC board. The protruding tab on the EPC board connector will mate with the slot on the potentiometer wires connector. The connector on the end of the potentiometer wires and the connector on the EPC board will mate only one way. Do not force the connectors together.
14. Carefully place the EPC assembly over the EPC housing taking care not to pinch any wires.
15. Install the four screws that secure the EPC assembly to the EPC housing. Tighten securely.

---

**Accessories**

**Liquid Shield Plus**

Cleans and protects spray systems against rust, corrosion and premature wear.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>314-483</td>
<td>4 ounce bottle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>314-482</td>
<td>1 quart bottle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Piston Lube**

Specially formulated to prevent materials from adhering to the piston rod, which becomes abrasive to the upper seals. Piston Lube will break down any material that may accumulate in the wet cup and keep it from drying.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>314-481</td>
<td>4 ounce bottle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>314-480</td>
<td>8 ounce bottle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Miscellaneous**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part No.</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>730-397</td>
<td>High-pressure fluid Gauge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>314-171</td>
<td>Lubriplate, 14 ounce individual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>314-172</td>
<td>Lubriplate, 6 lb. can</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>700-1037</td>
<td>Electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Troubleshooting

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Solution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| The unit will not run. | 1. The pressure is set too low.  
2. Faulty or loose wiring.  
3. The gas tank is empty. | 1. Turn the pressure control knob clockwise to supply power to the unit and increase the pressure setting.  
2. Inspect or take to a Speeflo authorized service center.  
3. Fill the gas tank. |
| The unit will not prime. | 1. The PRIME/SPRAY valve is in the SPRAY position.  
2. Air leak in the siphon tube/suction set.  
3. The pump filter and/or inlet screen is clogged.  
4. The siphon tube/suction set is clogged. | 1. Rotate the PRIME/SPRAY valve clockwise to the PRIME position.  
2. Check the siphon tube/suction set connection and tighten or re-tape the connection with PTFE tape.  
3. Remove the pump filter element and clean. Remove the inlet screen and clean.  
4. Remove the siphon tube/suction set and clean. |
| The unit will not build or maintain pressure. | 1. The spray tip is worn.  
2. The spray tip is too large.  
3. The pressure control knob is not set properly.  
4. The pump filter, gun filter, or inlet screen is clogged.  
5. Material flows from the return hose when the PRIME/SPRAY valve is in the SPRAY position.  
6. Air leak in the siphon tube/suction set.  
7. There is external fluid leak.  
8. There is an internal fluid section leak (packings are worn and/or dirty, valve balls are worn).  
9. Worn valve seats | 1. Replace the spray tip following the instructions that came with the spray gun.  
2. Replace the spray tip with a tip that has a smaller orifice following the instructions that came with the spray gun.  
3. Turn the pressure control knob clockwise to increase the pressure setting.  
4. Remove the pump filter element and clean. Remove the gun filter and clean. Remove the inlet screen and clean.  
5. Clean or replace the PRIME/SPRAY valve.  
6. Check the siphon tube/suction set connection and tighten or re-tape the connection with PTFE tape.  
7. Check for external leaks at all connections. Tighten connections, if necessary.  
8. Clean the valves and service the fluid section following the “Servicing the Fluid Section” procedure in the Maintenance section of this manual.  
9. Reverse or replace the valve seats following the “Servicing the Fluid Section” procedure in the Maintenance section of this manual. |
| Fluid leakage at the upper end of the fluid section. | 1. The upper packings are worn.  
2. The piston rod is worn. | 1. Repack the pump following the “Servicing the Fluid Section” procedure in the Maintenance section of this manual.  
2. Replace the piston rod following the “Servicing the Fluid Section” procedure in the Maintenance section of this manual. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Troubleshooting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Problem</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excessive surge at the spray gun.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor spray pattern.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The unit lacks power.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Consignes de sécurité
Le présent manuel comprend des renseignements devant être lus attentivement avant toute utilisation de l'appareil. Lorsque l'un des symboles suivants apparaît, il est recommandé d'être particulièrement attentif et de tenir compte des mesures de sécurité indiquées.

⚠️ AVERTISSEMENT

Ce symbole indique un danger potentiel pouvant causer des blessures graves ou même mortelles. Des renseignements importants sur la sécurité sont également indiqués.

 ATTENTION

Ce symbole indique un danger potentiel pouvant causer des blessures corporelles ou des dommages à l'équipement. Des renseignements importants sur la façon de prévenir tout dommage à l'équipement ou toute blessure corporelle mineure sont également indiqués.

NOTA : Les remarques donnent des renseignements importants requérant une attention particulière.

⚠️ AVERTISSEMENT

CONSIGNES DE SÉCURITÉ IMPORTANTES

A. CONSERVEZ CES CONSIGNES – Pour réduire les risques d'incendie ou d'explosion, d'électrocution et de blessures, lisez et assurez-vous de bien comprendre toutes les consignes contenues dans ce manuel. Familiarisez-vous avec les commandes et l'usage correct de l'équipement.

B. AVERTISSEMENT – Pour réduire le risque d'incendie ou d'explosion :

1. Ne pulvérisez pas de matières inflammables ou combustibles près d'une flamme nue, de voyants lumineux ou de sources d'ignition telles que des objets chauds, cigarettes, moteurs, matériel et appareils électriques. Évitez de produire des étincelles en connectant et en déconnectant les cordons électriques.

2. Pour les appareils destinés à n’utiliser que des produits à l'eau – Ne pulvérisez pas et ne les nettoyez pas avec des liquides inflammbles. Exclusivement pour usage avec liquides à base d’eau.

3. Pour les appareils destinés à un usage exclusif avec des produits à l’eau ou des produits minéraux de type alcool avec un point d’éclair inférieur à 21 °C (70 °F) – Ne pulvérisez pas et ne les nettoyez pas avec des liquides ayant un point d’éclair inférieur à 21 °C (70 °F). Le point d’éclair est la température à laquelle un fluide peut produire suffisamment de vapeur pour s'enflammer.

4. L'écoulement de peinture ou de solvant dans l'équipement peut produire de l'électricité statique. L'électricité statique crée un risque d'incendie ou d'explosion en présence de fumées de peinture ou de solvant, de chiffons et autres matières inflammables. Respectez les consignes de sécurité du fabricant de peinture et de solvant.

5. Placez la pompe à une distance minimum de 7,62 mètres (25 pieds) de l’objet à pulvériser, dans une zone bien aérée (ajoutez de la longueur de tuyau si besoin est). Les vapeurs inflammables sont souvent plus lourdes que l’air. La zone près du sol doit être très bien aérée. La pompe contient des pièces qui produisent des arcs et émettent des étincelles pouvant enfumer les vapeurs.

B. AVERTISSEMENT – Pour réduire le risque de pénétration dans la peau :

DANGER :

Blessure par injection – Le jet de fluide à haute pression produit par cet équipement peut transpercer la peau et les tissus sous-jacents, ce qui produit de graves blessures et peut entraîner une amputation. Consultez immédiatement un médecin. NE TRAITEZ PAS UNE INJECTION COMME UNE SIMPLE COUPE.

1. Ne dirigez pas le pistolet sur et ne pulvérisez pas les personnes ou les animaux.


3. Utilisez toujours le protège-embout de la buse. Ne pulvérisez pas sans que le protège-embout de la buse ne soit installé.

4. Utilisez exclusivement un embout de buse spécifié par le fabricant.

5. Prenez garde quand vous nettoyez ou que vous changez les embouts de buse. Si l’embout se bouche pendant que vous pulvérisez, arrêtez toujours la déténte du pistolet, arrêtez la pompe et libérez toute la pression avant de réparer ou de nettoyer l’embout ou le protecteur ou avant de changer d’embout. La pression n’est pas libérée par l’arrêt du moteur. La poignée du robinet-valve PRIME/SPRAY (AMORCAGE/ PULVÉRISATION) doit être placée sur PRIME pour libérer la pression. Consultez la PROCÉDURE DE LIBÉRATION DE PRESSION décrite dans le manuel de la pompe.

7. La pulvérisation à haute pression peut injecter des toxines dans le corps et causer de graves blessures corporelles. Si une telle injection se produisait, consultez immédiatement un médecin.
9. Ce système peut produire une pression de 3300 PSI / 22.8 MPa. N’utilisez que les pièces de rechange ou les accessoires spécifiés par le fabricant et ayant une pression nominale minimum de 3300 PSI. Ceci est valable pour les embouts de pulvérisation, les protecteurs de buse, les pistolets, les rallonges, les raccords ou le tuyau.
10. Verrouillez toujours la détente quand vous ne pulvérisez pas. Vérifiez que le verrou de la détente fonctionne correctement.
11. Vérifiez que toutes les connexions sont bien serrées avant d’utiliser l’appareil.
12. Sachez comment arrêter l’appareil et le dépressuriser rapidement. Soyez bien familiarisé avec les commandes. La pression n’est pas libérée lorsque le moteur est arrêté. La poignée du robinet-valve PRIME/SPRAY (AMORÇAGE/PULVÉRISATION) doit être placée sur PRIME pour libérer la pression. Consultez la PROCÉDURE DE LIBÉRATION DE PRESSION décrite dans le manuel de la pompe.
13. Retirez toujours l’embout de pulvérisation avant de rincer ou de nettoyer le système.

**AVERTISSEMENT**

D. AVERTISSEMENT – Pour réduire le risque de blessure :
1. Portez toujours les gants, la protection oculaire, les vêtements et un respirateur ou masque appropriés quand vous peignez. Vapeurs dangereuses – Les peintures, solvants, insecticides et autres matières peuvent être dangereuses s’ils sont inhalés ou entrent en contact avec le corps. Les vapeurs peuvent provoquer d’importantes nausées, une perte de connaissance ou un empoisonnement.
2. Ne travaillez pas et ne pulvérisez pas près d’enfants. Éloignez toujours les enfants de l’équipement.
3. Ne travaillez pas avec les bras au-dessus de la tête ni sur un support instable. Appuyez-vous bien sur les deux pieds pour toujours conserver l’équilibre.
4. Soyez attentif et regardez ce que vous faites.
6. Ne faites pas de n’uds avec le tuyau et ne le tordez pas trop. Le tuyau à vide peut présenter des fuites suite à l’usure, les n’uds ou les mauvais traitements. Une fuite risque d’injecter le produit dans la peau.
7. N’exposez pas le tuyau à des températures ou des pressions supérieures à celles spécifiées par le fabricant.
8. N’utilisez pas le tuyau pour tirer ou soulever l’équipement.
9. Utilisez la plus basse pression possible pour rincer l’équipement.
10. Respectez tous les codes locaux, étatiques et nationaux qui régulent la ventilation, la prévention d’incendies et le fonctionnement.
13. Ne pulvérisez pas à l’extérieur par temps venteux.

**Sécurité du moteur à essence**

**AVERTISSEMENT**

L’État de la Californie reconnaît que les gaz d’échappement de cet appareil contiennent des produits chimiques susceptibles de causer le cancer, des malformations congénitales ou pouvant être nocifs pour le système reproducteur.
1. Les moteurs Honda sont conçus pour être fiables et sécuritaires lorsqu’ils sont utilisés selon les directives. Lire et comprendre le guide d’utilisation de Honda avant de faire fonctionner le moteur. Le non-respect de cet avertissement risque de causer des blessures graves ou d’endommager l’appareil.
2. Afin de prévenir les risques d’incendie et d’assurer une ventilation adéquate, garder le moteur à une distance d’au moins un mètre (3 pi) des bâtiments et des autres appareils durant le fonctionnement. Ne pas placer des objets inflammables près du moteur.
3. Les enfants et les animaux doivent être tenus à l’écart de la zone de fonctionnement de l’appareil afin d’éviter les risques de brûlures causées par les composants chauds du moteur ou par les équipements utilisés avec le moteur.
4. Savoir comment couper le moteur rapidement et bien comprendre le fonctionnement de toutes les commandes. Ne jamais laisser quiconque utiliser le moteur sans lui avoir d’abord fourni les directives appropriées.
5. Le carburant est une matière extrêmement inflammable et peut exploser sous certaines conditions.
6. Ravitaillement en carburant dans un endroit bien aéré une fois le moteur arrêté. Ne pas fumer et s’assurer qu’il n’y ait ni flammes ni étincelles dans la zone de ravitaillement ou d’entreposage du carburant.
7. Ne pas trop remplir le réservoir d’essence. Après le ravitaillement, s’assurer que le bouchon du réservoir soit bien fermé et serré.
8. Prendre soin de ne pas renverser de carburant lors du ravitaillement, car les vapeurs émanant du carburant ou le carburant déversé accidentellement peuvent s’enflammer. En cas de déversement, s’assurer que l’endroit soit complètement sec avant de démarrer le moteur.
9. Ne jamais mettre le moteur en marche dans un endroit fermé ou restreint, car les gaz d’échappement contiennent des matières toxiques, telles que le monoxyde de carbone, susceptibles de provoquer des évanouissements ou même d’entraîner la mort.
10. Le silencieux devient très chaud durant le fonctionnement et le demeure pendant un certain temps une fois le moteur arrêté. S’assurer d’attendre quelques minutes avant de toucher au silencieux. Pour éviter les risques de brûlures graves ou d’incendie, laisser le moteur se refroidir avant de le transporter ou de l’entreposer à l’intérieur.
11. Ne jamais expédier ou transporter l’appareil lorsque le réservoir est rempli de carburant.

**AVERTISSEMENT**

Ne pas utiliser cet appareil pour vaporiser de l’eau ou de l’acide.

**ATTENTION**

Ne pas soulever par la poignée du chariot lors du chargement ou du déchargement.
Precauciones de seguridad
Este manual contiene información que debe leer y comprender antes de usar el equipo. Cuando se encuentre con uno de los siguientes símbolos, asegúrese de observar sus indicaciones de seguridad.

**PRECAUCIÓN**
Este símbolo indica la existencia de un peligro potencial para usted o el equipo. Después del mismo se incluye información importante que indica la forma de evitar daños al equipo o la forma de prevenir lesiones menores.

**ADVERTENCIA**
Este símbolo indica la existencia de un peligro potencial que puede causar lesiones graves o la muerte. Después del mismo se incluye información de seguridad importante.

**NOTA:** los avisos contienen información importante, presteles especial atención.

### INSTRUCCIONES DE SEGURIDAD IMPORTANTES

**A. GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES**  — Para reducir el riesgo de incendio o explosión, descarga eléctrica y daños a las personas, lea y comprenda todas las instrucciones incluidas en este manual. Familiarícese con los controles y con el uso adecuado del equipo.

**B. ADVERTENCIA**  — Para reducir el riesgo de incendio o explosión:

1. No pulverice materiales inflamables ni combustibles cerca de llamas desnuas, pilotos o fuentes de ignición como objetos calientes, cigarrillos, motores, equipos eléctricos o electrodomésticos. Evite producir chispas al conectar y desconectar los cables de alimentación.
2. Para unidades que se vayan a utilizar con materiales acuosos — No pulverice ni límpie con líquidos inflamables. Para su uso con líquidos acuosos solamente.
3. Para unidades que se vayan a utilizar solamente con materiales acuosos o de tipo de alcohol mineral con un punto de inflamación máximo de 21 ºC (69,8 ºF) — No pulverice ni límpie con líquidos que tengan un punto de inflamación por debajo de 21 ºC. El punto de inflamación es la temperatura a la que un fluido puede producir vapor suficiente como para incendiarse.
4. La pintura o disolvente que pase por el equipo puede producir electricidad estática. La electricidad estática supone un riesgo de incendio o explosión en presencia de emanaciones de pintura o disolvente. Todas las piezas del sistema pulverizador, incluyendo la bomba, el conjunto de mangueras, la pistola pulverizadora y los objetos dentro y alrededor de la zona de pulverización se conectarán a tierra para protegerlos frente a descargas estáticas y chispas. Utilice solamente mangueras para pulverizadores de pintura airless (sin aire) de alta presión conductoras o con toma a tierra especificadas por el fabricante.
5. Compruebe que todos los recipientes y sistemas de recogida están conectados a tierra para evitar descargas eléctricas.
6. Conecte a una salida con toma a tierra y utilice cables alargadores puestos a tierra. No utilice un adaptador de 3 a 2.
7. No utilice pintura o disolvente que contenga hidrocarburos halogenados, como cloro, fungicida blanqueador, cloruro de metileno y tricloroetano. No son compatibles con el aluminio. Póngase en contacto con el proveedor del material para conocer su compatibilidad con el aluminio.
8. Mantenga la zona de pulverización bien ventilada. Asegúrese de que circula aire fresco por la zona para evitar que se acumulen vapores inflamables en el aire de la zona de pulverización. Ponga el conjunto de la bomba en una zona bien ventilada. No pulverice el conjunto de la bomba.
9. No fume en la zona de pulverización.
10. No encienda interruptores de luces, motores ni productos similares que puedan producir chispas en la zona de pulverización.
11. Mantenga la zona limpia y despejada de botes de pintura y disolventes, trapos y otros materiales inflamables.
12. Infórmese del contenido de la pintura y de los disolventes que pulverice. Lea las hojas de datos sobre seguridad de los materiales (MSDS) y las etiquetas en los botes de pintura y disolvente. Siga las instrucciones de seguridad del fabricante de la pintura y del disolvente.
13. Coloque la bomba al menos a 7,62 metros (25 pies) del objeto que se va a pulverizar en una zona bien ventilada (ahana más manguera si fuera necesario). Los vapores inflamables suelen ser más pesados que el aire. La zona del suelo debe estar muy bien ventilada. La bomba contiene piezas que forman arcos que producen chispas y pueden inflamar los vapores.
15. Deberá contar con equipos extintores de incendios que funcionen correctamente.

**C. ADVERTENCIA**  — Para reducir el riesgo de daños en la piel:

**PELIGRO:**
Lesión causada por inyección. La corriente de líquido a alta presión que produce este equipo puede perforar la piel y tejidos subcutáneos, pudiendo provocar graves lesiones y posibles amputaciones. Visite a un médico inmediatamente. NO TRATE UNA LESIÓN CAUSADA POR INYECCIÓN COMO UN SIMPLE CORTE.

1. No apunte con la pistola ni pulverice sobre ninguna persona ni animal.
2. Mantenga las manos y el resto del cuerpo lejos de la descarga. Por ejemplo, no trate de detener fugas con ninguna parte de su cuerpo.
3. Utilice siempre el protector de la boquilla. No pulverice sin el protector en su sitio.
4. Utilice solamente la boquilla especificada por el fabricante.
5. Tenga cuidado al limpiar y cambiar las boquillas. Si la boquilla se atasca durante la pulverización, ponga SIEMPRE el seguro del gatillo de la pistola, apague la bomba y libere toda la presión antes de reparar, limpiar el protector o la boquilla o cambiar la boquilla. La presión no se libera apagando el motor. Para liberar la presión hay que poner la manija de la válvula PRIME/SPRAY (cebar/pulverizar) en PRIME. Consulte el Procedimiento para liberar presión que se describe en el manual de la bomba.
6. No deje el aparato con corriente ni con presión cuando nadie esté pendiente de ella. Cuando no utilice el aparato, apáguelo y libere la presión siguiendo las instrucciones del fabricante.
7. La pulverización a alta presión puede inyectar toxinas en el cuerpo y producir daños graves en el mismo. En caso de que esto ocurra, visite a un médico inmediatamente.

8. Compruebe las mangueras y las piezas en busca de daños; una fuga puede inyectar material en la piel. Inspeccione la manguera antes de cada uso. Sustituya las mangueras o las piezas dañadas.

9. Este sistema es capaz de producir 3300 PSI / 22.8 MPa. Utilice solamente piezas de repuesto o accesorios especificados por el fabricante y con una capacidad nominal de 3300 PSI como mínimo. Entre ellos se incluyen boquillas pulverizadoras, protectores para las boquillas, pistolas, alargadores, racores y mangueras.

10. Ponga siempre el seguro del gatillo cuando no esté pulverizando. Verifique que el seguro del gatillo funciona correctamente.

11. Antes de utilizar el aparato, verifique que todas las conexiones son seguras.

12. Aprenda a detener el aparato y a liberar la presión rápidamente. Familiarícese a conciencia con los controles. La presión no se libera apagando el motor. Para liberar la presión hay que poner la manija de la válvula PRIME/SPRAY (cebar/pulverizar) en PRIME. Consúltese a la Guía de funcionamiento para liberar presión que se describe en el manual de la bomba.

13. Quite siempre la boquilla pulverizadora antes de enjuagar o limpiar el sistema.

**ADVERTENCIA**

**D. ADVERTENCIA – Para reducir el riesgo de lesiones:**

1. Cuando pinte, lleve siempre guantes, protección para los ojos, ropa y un respirador o máscara adecuados. Vapores peligrosos: Las pinturas, disolventes, insecticidas y otros materiales pueden ser perjudiciales si se inhalan o entran en contacto con el cuerpo. Los vapores pueden producir nauseas intensas, desmayos o envenenamiento.

2. Nunca utilice el aparato ni pulverice cerca de niños. Mantenga el equipo alejado de los niños en todo momento.

3. No se estire demasiado ni se apoye sobre un soporte inestable. Mantenga los pies bien apoyados y el equilibrio en todo momento.

4. No se distraiga y tenga cuidado con lo que hace.

5. No utilice el aparato si está fatigado o se encuentra bajo la influencia del alcohol o de las drogas.

6. No retuerza ni doble la manguera en exceso. En la manguera airless pueden aparecer fugas a causa del desgaste, de retorcimientos o de un mal uso. Una fuga puede inyectar material en la piel.

7. No exponga la manguera a temperaturas o presiones que superen las especificadas por el fabricante.

8. No utilice la manguera como elemento de fuerza para tirar del equipo o levantararo.

9. Utilice la presión más baja posible para enjuagar el equipo.

10. Cumpla todos los reglamentos locales, estatales y nacionales pertinentes relativos a ventilación, prevención de incendios y funcionamiento.

11. Las normas sobre seguridad del gobierno de los Estados Unidos se han adoptado al amparo de la Ley de salud y seguridad ocupacional (OSHA). Deben consultarse tres normas, particularmente la sección 1910 de las Normas generales y la sección 1926 de las Normas sobre construcción.

12. Cada vez que vaya a utilizar el equipo, compruebe antes todas las mangueras en busca de cortes, fugas, abrasión o bultos en la cubierta. Compruebe el movimiento de los acoplamientos y si están dañados. Sustituya inmediatamente una manguera si descubre alguna de estas anomalías. No repare nunca una manguera de pintura. Sustituya por una manguera conductora a alta presión.

13. No pulverice al aire libre si hace viento.

14. Desenchufe siempre el cable antes de trabajar en el equipo.

**Seguridad con los motores de gasolina**

**ADVERTENCIA**

El escape del motor de esta unidad contiene químicos que el Estado de California ha determinado causan cáncer, defectos de nacimiento u otros daños al sistema reproductor.

1. Los motores Honda están diseñados para proporcionar un servicio seguro y fiable, si se utilizan de acuerdo a las instrucciones. Lea y entienda las instrucciones del Manual del Propietario de Honda antes de utilizar el motor. De lo contrario, podría causar lesiones personales o daño al equipo.

2. Para evitar peligros de incendio y para proporcionar una ventilación adecuada, mantenga el motor por lo menos a 1 metro de los edificios y de otro equipo durante su uso. No coloque objetos inflamables cerca del motor.

3. Mantenga a los niños y las mascotas alejados de la zona de trabajo, pues existe la posibilidad de quemaduras causadas por los componentes calientes del motor o lesiones causadas por cualquier equipo en el que se utilice el motor.

4. Sepa cómo apagar el motor rápidamente y comprenda el funcionamiento de todos los controles. Nunca permita a nadie operar el motor sin las instrucciones apropiadas.

5. La gasolina es extremadamente inflamable y es explosiva bajo ciertas condiciones.

6. Llene el tanque de combustible en un lugar bien ventilado y con el motor apagado. No fume ni permita que haya llamas ni chispas en la zona de llenado ni en donde se almacena el combustible.

7. No llene en exceso el tanque de combustible. Después de ponerle combustible, asegúrese de que la tapa del tanque esté cerrada completamente.

8. Tenga cuidado de no derramar el combustible. Los gases del combustible o el combustible derramado pueden encenderse. Si se derrama combustible, asegúrese de que la zona esté seca antes de encender el motor.

9. Nunca utilice el motor en un lugar encerrado o confinado. El escape contiene gas de monóxido de carbono venenoso; la exposición a este gas puede causar pérdida del conocimiento y puede conducir a la muerte.

10. El escape se calienta mucho durante su uso y permanece caliente durante un rato después de apagar el motor. Asegúrese de no tocar el escape cuando esté caliente. Para evitar quemaduras graves o peligros de incendio, deje que el motor se enfrie antes de transportarlo o guardarlo bajo techo.

11. Nunca envíe ni transporte la unidad con gasolina en el tanque.

**ADVERTENCIA**

No utilice este equipo para rociar agua o ácido.

**PRECAUCIÓN**

No cargue el equipo por el asa del carrito durante la carga y descarga.
## Parts List
### Main Assembly

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**NOTE:** All electrical work should be performed by a Speeflo authorized service center.
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Install upper packing with raised lip facing down.

Install lower packing with large beveled edge facing up.

### Fluid Section Assembly (P/N 755-173)

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**(Note:** When repacking the fluid section, make sure the raised lip on the bottom of the lower packing is fully outside the packing around the piston rod after insertion of the piston rod.)

### Electrical Schematic

- **Potentiometer** 700-158
- **Transducer** 800-437
- **E.P.C. Board** 755-170
- **Switch** 704-380
- **Engine** 700-629
- **Clutch** 755-195
- **755-196**
### Filter Assembly

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### PRIME/SPRAY Valve Assembly (P/N 800-915)

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<td>700-253</td>
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### Wheel Assembly (P/N 779-275)

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<td>779-017</td>
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### Labels

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<td>Logo label, front</td>
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<td>Warning label, explosion</td>
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<td>755-198</td>
<td>Warning label, injection</td>
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<td>313-1847</td>
<td>Shock hazard label</td>
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<td>755-232</td>
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### Caster Assembly (P/N 779-349)

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### Gun Holder Assembly (P/N 779-276)

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### Siphon Hose Assembly (P/N 779-295)

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<tbody>
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<td>103-682</td>
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<td>103-550</td>
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### Return Hose Assembly (P/N 779-266)

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<tr>
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Patents

These products are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:

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Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available on Titan's website or by calling Technical Service.